Crosby Primary School	Computing Medium Term Plan Year 3 /4 - Spring Term	The Internet Unit 4.1 (6 Weeks)		
National Curriculum	Prior Knowledge	Resources		
(Core Learning) Apply knowledge of networks, appreciate the internet as a network of networks which need to be kept secure and understand content, what they can access, add, create as well as evaluate online content. Computing National Curriculum: 1.Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, & the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration 2.Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected & ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content 3.Select, use, and combine a variety of software (inc internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems & content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating & presenting data information 4. Use technology safely, respectfully, & responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report	Dependency on Teach it unit 3.1 This must be taught in the Autumn Term. Assessment: Teacher assess learners can recognise, have knowledge and understanding via questioning 121 and group tasks. VocabularyGeneric vocabulary: accurate, advert, content, data, data centres, download, files, honest, information, links, ownership, permission and sharing New Topic vocabulary: Internet: Is a worldwide system of computer networks.(It is connected by lots of routers). Network: A group or system of interconnected things or people Network switch: A network switch forwards data packets between devices. Switches send packets directly to devices, rather than sending them to networks like a router does. Network security: Protects your network and data from breaches, intrusions and other threats. Route: A route is a way of getting from one place to another. Routers: enable messages to be passed between networks via switches. Routing:is the process of path selection in any network. Server: A computer or program which manages access to a centralised resource or service in a network. Wireless access point (WAP): Web browser: A web browser is an application for accessing websites.			
concerns about content and contact.	Web address: or a Uniform Resource Locator (URL), is a unique reference that directs you to a specific page, file or photo on the internet.			
Curriculum Links PSHE (L6)	World Wide Web: Is part of the internet where we can visit web pages and websites.			
Evaluating content for nonesty and accuracy	Evaluating content for honesty and accuracy			
Learning Objective/Sugges	Learning Objective/Success Core Knowledge Additional Information			
Learning Objective/Success Criteria	Core Knowledge	Auditional information		

L1 Connecting networks

LO To describe how networks physically connect to other networks

Success criteria:

I can describe the internet as a network of networks

I can demonstrate how information is shared across the internet

I can discuss why a network needs protecting

L2 What is the internet made of?

LO To recognise how networked devices make up the internet

Success criteria:

I can describe networked devices and how they connect

I can explain that the internet is used to provide many services

I can recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages

L3 Sharing information

LO To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web (WWW)

Success criteria:

I can explain the types of media that can be shared on the WWW

I can describe where websites are stored when uploaded to the WWW

I can describe how to access websites on the WWW

L4 What is a website?

LO To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web (WWW)

Success criteria:

I can explain what media can be found on websites I can recognise that I can add content to the WWW I can explain that internet services can be used to create content online

L5 Who owns the web?

LO To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people

Success criteria:

I can explain that websites and their content are created by people

I can suggest who owns the content on websites I can explain that there are rules to protect content

Procedural Knowledge (Skills): NONE REQUIRED

Propositional Knowledge (Concepts):

- Outline how information can be shared via the World Wide Web (www).
- Evaluate the reliability of content and the consequences of unreliable content.

Describe:

- how networks connect to other networks.
- how to access the www;
- the types of content/media that can be added, created, and shared on the www;
- the current limitations of www media.
 Explain: how the content of the www is created, owned, and shared by people;
- that the global interconnection of networks is the internet.
- the benefits of the www. Recognise:

L1 See lesson plan

https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing-systems-and-networks-the-internet/connecting-networks

Use Key Q Why do we need to keep networks safe?

L2 See lesson plan and presentation

https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing-systems-and-networks-the-internet/what-is-the-internet-made-of

Use Key Q What is the internet made of?

L3 See lesson plan and presentation

https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing-systems-and-networks-the-internet/sharing-information

Use Key Q How can I access the world wide web?
Where are websites hosted?
Web addresses What do you think these mean .gov .com .sch?

L4 See lesson plan and presentation

https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing-systems-and-networks-the-internet/what-is-a-website

Use Key Q What is a website? What is on a website?

L5 See Lesson plan and presentation

https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing-systems-and-networks-the-internet/who-owns-the-web

Use Key Q Who owns the web? Who does this belong to? Who owns this information?

L6 Can I believe what I read?	that the www is part of the internet;	L6 See Lesson plan and presentation
LO To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	the need for security on the internet.	https://teachcomputing.org/curriculum/key-stage-2/computing- systems-and-networks-the-internet/can-i-believe-what-i-read
Success criteria: I can explain that not everything on the World Wide Web is true I can explain why some information I find online may not be honest, accurate, or legall can explain why I need to think carefully before I share or reshare content		Use Key Q Can I believe what I read? What do you think about these pictures? How do you think they were created? Why were they created?